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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/674,446	09/29/2003	Tadao Yamazaki	0263-4045US3	4130
27123	7590 11/22/2004		EXAM	INER
MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P.			RUSSEL, JI	EFFREY E
3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER NEW YORK, NY 10281-2101			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
11211 10144			1654	
			DATE MAILED: 11/22/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
·	10/674,446	YAMAZAKI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jeffrey E. Russel	1654
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a r ply within the statutory minimum of thir d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te. cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. IANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under 	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Disposition of Claims		
4) □ Claim(s) 1 and 19-41 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1,19-33 and 35-40 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) 34 and 41 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 29 September 2003 is Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	s/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)[ne drawing(s) be held in abeya ection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). _I (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	v	
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	nts have been received. Ints have been received in A Tiority documents have beer Peau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No. <u>09/171,737</u> . In received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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1. The status of the parent application in the priority claim inserted before the first line of the specification should be updated. Correction is required.

- 2. Claims 25, 26, and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. There is no antecedent basis in the claims for the phrase "the surfactant" in claims 25 and 26. It is believed that claim 25 should instead depend upon claim 24. Claim 39, ultimately dependent upon claims 19 and 20, states that "the salt is sodium chloride". However, while claims 19 and 20 mention salts, it is in the context of salts of leucine or glutamic acid. It is believed that claim 39 should instead depend upon claim 38.
- 3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 4. Claim 1 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-19 of U.S. Patent No. 6,627,187. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the '187 patent anticipate the instant claim.
- 5. Claims 1 and 35 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-28 of U.S. Patent No. 6,277,367. Although

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the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the '367 patent anticipate the instant claims.

- 6. Claim 1 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-11 of U.S. Patent No. 6,120,761. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the '761 patent anticipate the instant claim.
- 7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 8. Claims 1, 19-33, and 35-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Woog et al (U.S. Patent No. 4,992,419). Woog et al teach erythropoietin compositions comprising preferably 5 to 25 g/l (i.e. 5 to 25 mg/ml) amino acids such as Leu, Glu, and/or Arg, not comprising a protein stabilizer, comprising polysorbate 20, comprising NaCl, comprising a phosphate buffer, and not comprising urea or protein as a stabilizer. Individual Leu and Glu concentrations can be 1.32 and 1.47 mg/ml, respectively. See, e.g., column 2, lines 50-53; Examples 1-7, and Table 2.
- 9. Claims 1 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Paques (U.S. Patent No. 5,691,312). Paques teaches a solution consisting essentially of erythropoietin and

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arginine. The arginine can be present in a concentration of about 35 mg/ml. See, e.g., Table 1 and claim 1.

10. Claims 34 and 41 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art of record does not teach or suggest a solution comprising a combination of erythropoietin, leucine or glutamic acid, and tryptophan or serine or arginine.

Hershenson (U.S. Patent No. 5,965,522) is cited as art of interest, teaching the stabilization of stem cell factor with a combination of histidine and glutamic acid. However, there is not deemed to be motivation to use this combination of amino acids to stabilize a different protein, erythropoietin, because there is no reasonable expectation in the art that a stabilizer for one protein will also act to stabilize other unrelated proteins.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey E. Russel at telephone number (571) 272-0969. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor Bruce Campell can be reached at (571) 272-0974. The fax number for formal communications to be entered into the record is (703) 872-9306; for informal communications such as proposed amendments, the fax number (571) 273-0969 can be used. The telephone number for the Technology Center 1600 receptionist is (571) 272-1600.

Jeffrey E. Russel Primary Patent Examiner Art Unit 1654

JRussel November 18, 2004